

Investor Presentation June 2018



Forward-Looking Statements

Certain matters set forth herein (including the exhibits hereto) constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including forward-looking statements relating to RBB's current business plans, its future financial position and operating results and RBB's and First American's expectations. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "target," "estimate," "continue," "positions," "prospects" or "potential," by future conditional verbs such as "will," "would," "should," "could" or "may", or by variations of such words or by similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties which change over time. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made and we assume no duty to update forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance and/or achievements to differ materially from those projected. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, local, regional, national and international economic and market conditions and events and the impact they may have on RBB and/or First American, on our customers and our assets and liabilities; our ability to attract deposits and other sources of funding or liquidity; supply and demand for real estate and periodic deterioration in real estate prices and/or values in California, New York or other states where RBB or First American lends, including both residential and commercial real estate; a prolonged slowdown or decline in real estate construction, sales or leasing activities; changes in the financial performance and/or condition of our borrowers, depositors or key vendors or counterparties; changes in our levels of delinquent loans, nonperforming assets, allowance for loan losses and charge-offs; the costs or effects of acquisitions or dispositions we may make, whether we are able to obtain any required governmental approvals in connection with any such acquisitions or dispositions, and/or RBB's ability to realize the contemplated financial or business benefits associated with any such acquisitions or dispositions; the effect of changes in laws, regulations and applicable judicial decisions (including laws, regulations and judicial decisions concerning financial reforms, taxes, banking capital levels, consumer, commercial or secured lending, securities and securities trading and hedging, compliance, employment, executive compensation, insurance, vendor management and information security) with which we and our subsidiaries must comply or believe we should comply; changes in estimates of future reserve requirements and minimum capital requirements based upon the periodic review thereof under relevant regulatory and accounting requirements, including changes in the Basel Committee framework establishing capital standards for credit, operations and market risk; inflation, interest rate, securities market and monetary fluctuations; changes in government interest rates or monetary policies; changes in the amount and availability of deposit insurance; cyber-security threats, including loss of system functionality or theft or loss of company or customer data or money; political instability; acts of war or terrorism, or natural disasters, such as earthquakes, drought, or the effects of pandemic diseases; the timely development and acceptance of new banking products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by our customers and potential customers; our relationships with and reliance upon vendors with respect to the operation of certain key internal and external systems and applications; changes in commercial or consumer spending, borrowing and savings preferences or behaviors; technological changes and the expanding use of technology in banking (including the adoption of mobile banking and funds transfer applications); the ability to retain and increase market share, retain and grow customers and control expenses; changes in the competitive and regulatory environment among financial and bank holding companies, banks and other financial service providers; volatility in the credit and equity markets and its effect on the general economy or local or regional business conditions; fluctuations in the price of the our common stock or other securities; and the resulting impact on our ability to raise capital or RBB's ability to make acquisitions, the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted from time-to-time by our regulatory agencies, as well as by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the Financial Accounting Standards Board and other accounting standard-setters; changes in our organization, management, compensation and benefit plans, and our ability to retain or expand our workforce, management team and/or our board of directors; the costs and effects of legal, compliance and regulatory actions, changes and developments, including the initiation and resolution of legal proceedings (such as securities, consumer or employee class action litigation), regulatory or other governmental inquiries or investigations, and/or the results of regulatory examinations or reviews; our ongoing relations with our various federal and state regulators; our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing items and all other factors set forth in RBB Bancorp's public reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, and particularly the discussion of risk factors within that document applicable to RBB. In addition, the following risks related to the transaction in particular could cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements: ability to obtain regulatory approvals and meet other closing conditions to the merger, including approval by First American shareholders, on the expected terms and schedule; delay in closing the merger; difficulties and delays in integrating the RBB and First American businesses or fully realizing cost savings and other benefits; business disruption following the proposed transaction Any statements about future operating results, such as those concerning accretion and dilution to RBB's earnings or shareholders, are for illustrative purposes only, are not forecasts, and actual results may differ. RBB and First American do not undertake, and specifically disclaim any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements except as required by law.

Annualized, pro forma, projected and estimated numbers are used for illustrative purpose only, are not forecasts and may not reflect actual results.



W Average 32 years of bank management experience in finance, lending, credit, risk, strategy and branch operations

<u>Name / Title</u>	<u>Experience</u>	Background
Yee Phong (Alan) Thian President & Chief Executive Officer	36 years	 Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") since the Bank began operations in 2008 Appointed to the FDIC community bank advisory committee twice Presently on the CFPB community bank advisory committee Formerly served as Executive Vice President ("EVP") and Regional Director for United Commercial Bank, as well as President and CEO for both First Continental Bank and American International Bank
David Morris Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	32 years (8 years with Alan)	 Appointed EVP and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Bank and Company in 2010 Formerly President and CEO with MetroPacific Bank and EVP, CFO and Chief Operating Officer ("COO") with San Diego Community Bank
Jeffrey Yeh Executive Vice President & Chief Credit Officer	29 years (16 years with Alan)	 Joined the Bank as an executive officer in 2008 and promoted to EVP and Chief Credit Officer in January 2014 Formerly Finance Director and Business Control Manager for Universal Science Industrial Co, Ltd. and Lending and Investment Manager for Bank of Overseas Chinese
I-Ming (Vincent) Liu Executive Vice President & Chief Risk Officer	31 years (23 years with Alan)	 Joined the Bank as an executive officer in 2008, promoted to COO in January 2011, and promoted to Chief Risk Officer of the Bank in 2011 and of the Company in 2013 Formerly Senior Vice President ("SVP") and head of southern California branch network for United Commercial Bank
Simon Pang Executive Vice President & Chief Strategy Officer	36 years (19 years with Alan)	 Joined the Bank in 2008 as an executive officer and promoted to Chief Strategy Officer in 2012 Formerly SVP and Commercial and International Banking Manager with United Commercial Bank
Larsen Lee Executive Vice President & Director of Residential Mortgage Lending	31 years (4 years with Alan)	 Joined in 2014 as SVP and Director of Mortgage Lending to start the Bank's residential mortgage unit, and promoted to EVP in January 2016 Formerly created a wholesale department for Pacific City Bank from 2010 to 2014
Tsu Te Huang Executive Vice President & Branch Administrator	34 years (18 years with Alan)	 Joined the Bank in 2009, promoted to Branch Administrator in 2012 and EVP in 2016 Formerly Executive Senior President and Branch Assistant Regional Manager for United Commercial Bank



RBB Bancorp – Who We Are

Overview

- Established in 2008 and headquartered in Los Angeles, California
 - \$1.7 billion asset Chinese-American, businessoriented community bank

22 13 traditional branches

- 12 located in Southern California
- 1 in Nevada

D Four principal business lines:

- Commercial Real Estate ("CRE")
- Commercial & Industrial ("C&I")
- 1-4 Single Family Residential ("SFR")
- SBA Lending ("SBA")
- **Description** Four successful acquisitions completed since 2010
- Certified Community Development Financial Institution since mid-February 2016
- Announced agreement to acquire New York-based First American International Corp.

Financial Highlights

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018:

Balance Sheet (Dollars in millions)						
Total Assets	\$1,715					
Total Loans, Including Held for Sale	\$1,445					
Total Deposits	\$1,374					
Tangible Common Equity ¹	\$245					
Tangible Common Equity / Tangible Assets ¹	14.58%					
NPAs / Assets ²	0.28%					
Profitability						
Return on Average Assets	2.15%					
Return on Average Common Equity	13.27%					
FTE Net Interest Margin	4.26%					
Efficiency Ratio	43.86%					

(2) Nonperforming assets include nonaccrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, loans modified under troubled debt restructurings, and other repossessed assets; excludes purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans



⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix on page 28

Investment Highlights

- High-performing community bank with defined and proven strategy to grow both organically and through acquisitions
 - High level of insider ownership and deposit concentration aligns interest with investors
 - Experienced management team and Board of Directors with demonstrated industry knowledge, regulatory relationships, lending expertise and community involvement
 - Niche markets with concentration on Asian Americans
 - Products structured to address the needs of underserved individuals and businesses within those markets
 - Significant opportunities for future acquisitions across the U.S.

2 Conservative risk profile with focused and diversified lending strategy and asset sensitive balance sheet

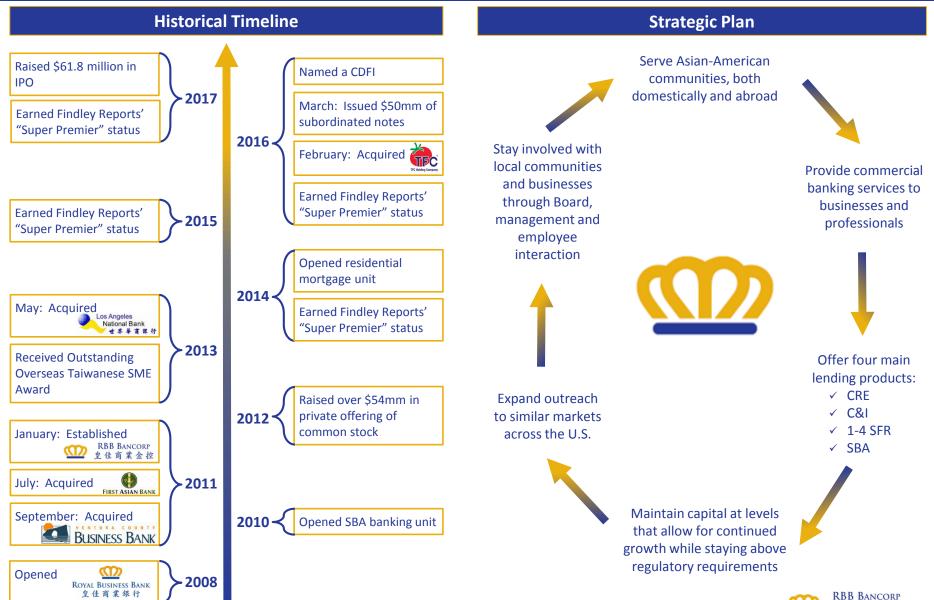
- Sound asset quality from conservative credit culture and strict underwriting standards
- Asset sensitive balance sheet benefits from rising interest rates

Description Track record of attractive profitability

- Diversified revenue with four lending products spread across multiple industries, geographies, and demographics
- Substantial noninterest income
- Existing infrastructure supports bank growth

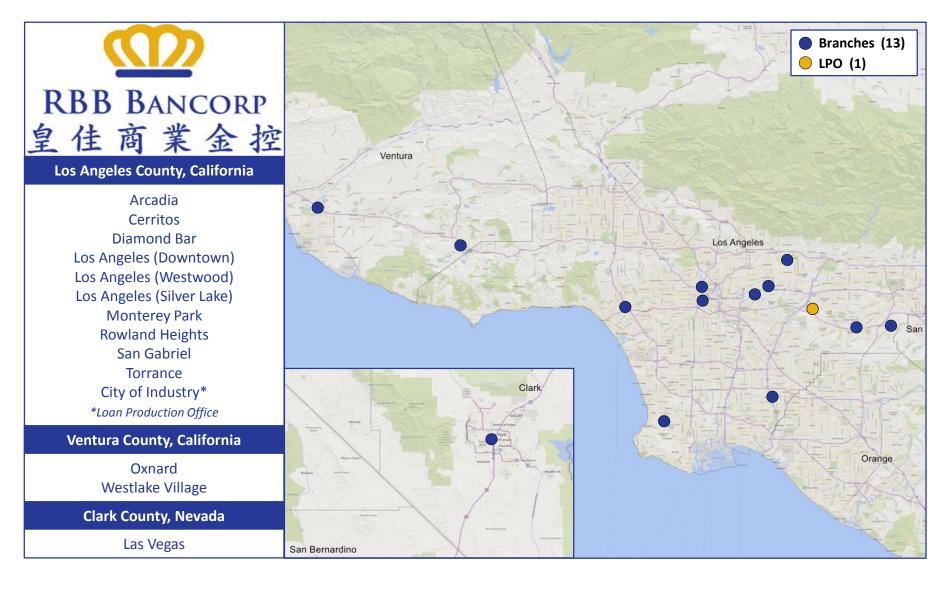


Our History and Strategy



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Our Current Footprint





Key Highlights of Our Current Markets: Los Angeles County, CA | Ventura County, CA | Clark County, NV

Los Angeles County, California

- Part of the Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, California Metropolitan Statistical Area ("MSA")
 - Largest MSA in California with over 13 million residents, second largest MSA in the United States
- Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim MSA ranked as 2nd largest economy in the United States with an estimated gross domestic product of ~\$1 trillion
- Asian Americans account for 15.1% of the over 10.1 million residents in Los Angeles County as of July 1, 2016



Ventura County, California

- Smallest county by population and land area in the LA area but encompasses:
 - Deep-water port at Port Hueneme
 - One of the world's leading wine growing regions
 - 43 miles of coastline
- Asian Americans account for 6.7% of the 850,536 residents in Ventura County as of July 1, 2016



Clark County, Nevada

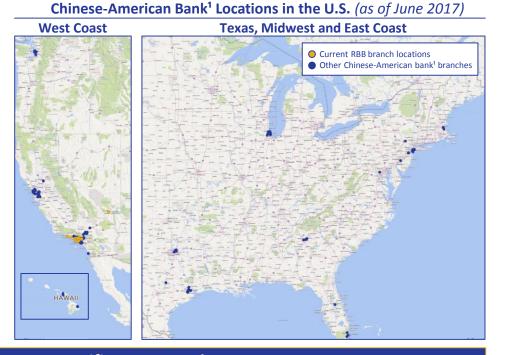
- Part of the Las Vegas-Paradise, Nevada MSA
 - 2016 gross domestic product of ~\$118 billion
 - Largest concentration of people in the state
 - Significant tourist destination; over 42 million international and domestic visitors in 2017
- Asian Americans account for 10.1% of the over 2.1 million residents in Clark County as of July 1, 2016





Substantial Opportunities for Acquisitions: Chinese-American Banks Across the U.S.

- Chinese-American bank universe, including RBB, comprised of 38 banks¹:
 - 4 publicly-traded
 - 30 locally-owned
 - 4 subsidiaries of Taiwanese or Chinese banks
- Other Asian-American banks also represent compelling acquisition opportunities
- Target markets include select Metropolitan Statistic Areas ("MSAs") that fulfill the following conditions:
 - High concentration of Asian-Americans
 - High number of Chinese-American banks² and branches



Specific Target Markets Total **Asian American Population Chinese-American** MSA Population % of Total Banks² Actual Branches New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA 20,338,187 2,283,791 11.2% 8 50 Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA 13,502,916 2,145,175 15.9% 18 157 San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA 4,737,729 1,227,422 25.9% 4 50 Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI 3 9,563,680 639,078 6.7% 15 Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX 6,866,117 531,106 7.7% 2 16 Urban Honolulu, HI 1,009,834 414,117 1 41.0% 12 6.0% 1 2 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD 6,096,952 364,862 0 Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV 2.173.843 218,389 10.0% 3

Identified strategic expansion areas Current markets New market with FAIT transaction

(1) Chinese-American bank universe as defined by RBB's management team

(2) Count refers to total number of Chinese-American banks that are headquartered in the indicated MSA Source: SNL Financial, 2010 Census



First American International Bank Proposed Transaction





- **22** Expands the RBB franchise to the New York market
 - Grants RBB access to the largest Asian-American population in the US with 2.3 million Asian-Americans in the New York City MSA
- **Creates \$2.5+ billion institution with improved scale and efficiencies**
 - Enhances residential mortgage loan production platform (doubles current origination levels)
 - Enables RBB to bring its C&I lending platform to the FAIT customer base

Description Highly compatible merger partners

- Shared focus on Asian-American communities
- Complementary business models
- Strong residential mortgage loan production platforms
- Disciplined underwriting standards and commitment to strong asset quality

Compelling economics for RBB shareholders

- Highly accretive to earnings per share
- Short tangible book value dilution earnback of less than 2 years
- Positions RBB for continued profitable growth
 - Fifth acquisition since 2011
- **Expected closing in the second half of 2018**



Franchise Highlights



New York City Branch Locations





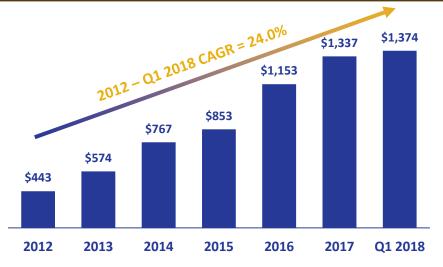
1) Pro forma as of December 31, 2017, with the exception of market cap, which is based on RBB's closing share price of \$27.48 on April 20, 2018

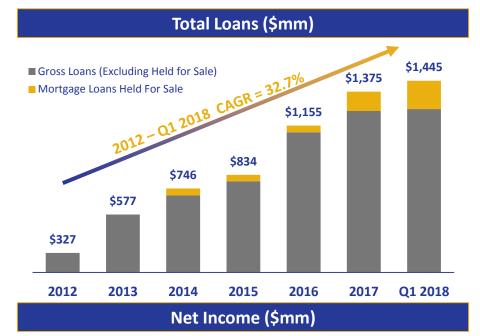


Demonstrated Track Record of Balance Sheet and Earnings Growth



Total Deposits (\$mm)



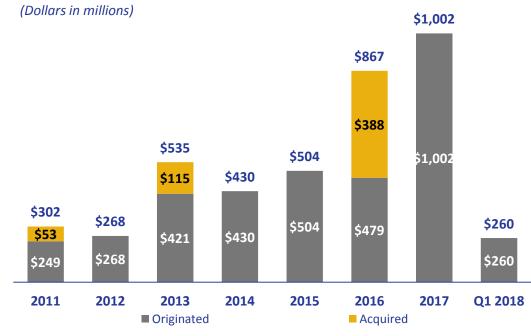




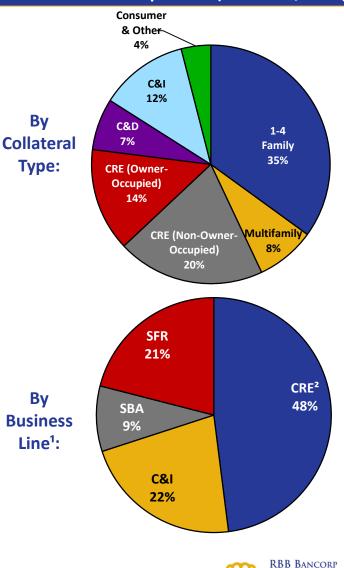
Diversified Loan Portfolio

- Diversified across industry lines and minimal demand for non-mortgage consumer credit
- \$1.26 billion total loans as of March 31, 2018
 - 84% originated vs. 16% acquired
- Average yield on loans of 5.69% for the first quarter of 2018

Loan Portfolio Growth: Originated vs. Acquired



Loan Portfolio Composition (March 31, 2018)



(1) Excludes purchased loan discounts and deferred costs and fees

(2) Includes construction and land development loans

Business Line Profile

CRE Lending

- Real estate loans for owner occupied and non-owner occupied commercial property; includes construction and land development ("C&D") loans
- High quality credits
 - Low LTV ratios (policy limit of 75%)
 - Income-producing properties; strong cash-flow characteristics
 - Strong collateral profiles

C&I Lending

- Mix of variable and fixed rate C&I loans
- Lend to small- and medium-sized¹ manufacturing, wholesale, retail and service businesses
- Majority are secured by business assets or real estate, but underwritten based on cash flow of the business

SBA Lending

- Designated Preferred Lender
- Mostly SBA 7(a) variable-rate loans; SBA 504 from time to time
- Generally sell the 75% guaranteed portion of originated SBA loans

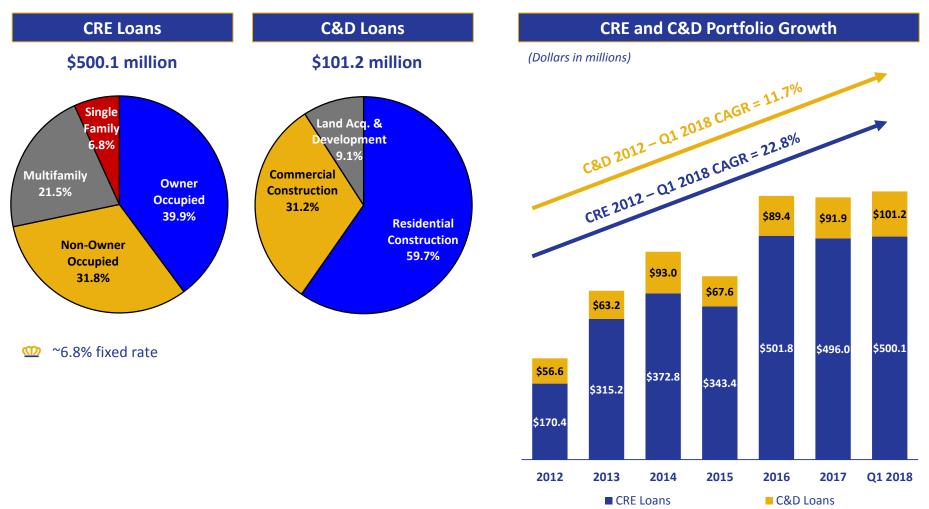
SFR Lending

- Originate mainly non-qualified, alternative documentation SFR mortgage loans to accommodate needs of Asian-American market throughout California and potentially on the east coast and Texas
- 7-year hybrid adjustable rate mortgages
- Offer qualified mortgage program as correspondent to major banking financial institutions
- Originate both to sell ("HFS") and hold for investment
 - HFS: primarily first trust deed mortgages on properties in California; generally retain servicing rights when sold



Business Line Profile: CRE Lending | C&D Lending

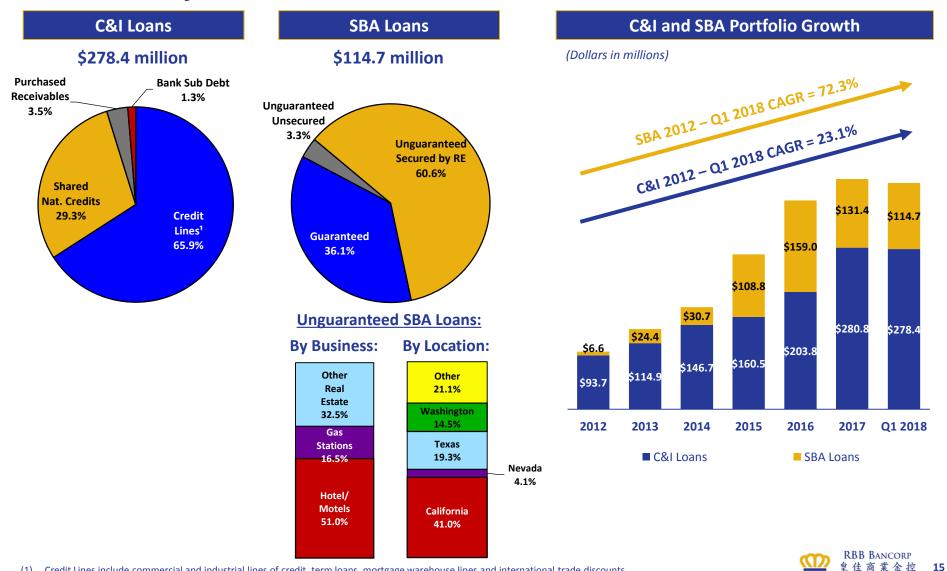
As of March 31, 2018:





Business Line Profile: C&I Lending | SBA Lending

As of March 31, 2018:

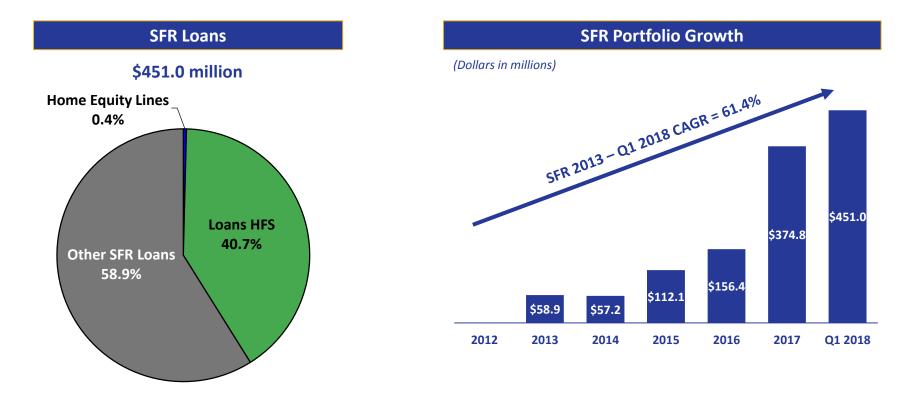


(1) Credit Lines include commercial and industrial lines of credit, term loans, mortgage warehouse lines and international trade discounts

Business Line Profile: 1-4 Single Family Residential Lending

As of March 31, 2018:

- **W** No nonperforming loans¹ in the SFR portfolio
- Current start rate of 4.75%; reprices after 7 years to one-year LIBOR plus 2.75%





CRE Concentration¹ Below Interagency Guidance

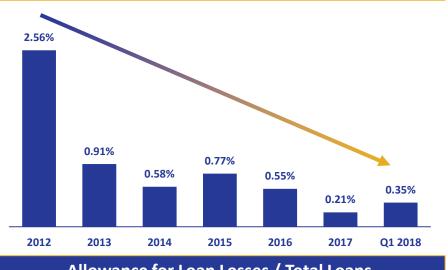
- **W** RBB has demonstrated the ability to pursue acquisitions, including targets with significant CRE concentrations, then immediately manage down their CRE concentration post transaction closing
 - Los Angeles National Bank: Acquisition completed May 2013
 - TomatoBank: Acquisition completed February 2016





Disciplined Credit Culture

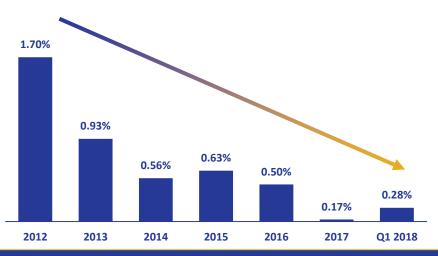
Nonperforming Loans¹ / Total Loans



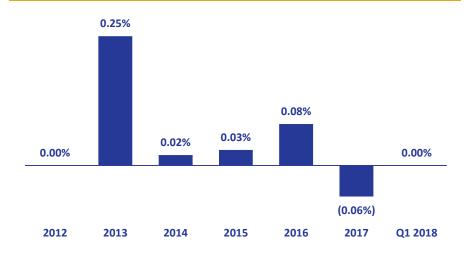
Allowance for Loan Losses / Total Loans



Nonperforming Assets² / Total Assets



Net Charge-Offs / Average Loans



 Nonperforming loans include nonaccrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest and loans modified under troubled debt restructurings; nonperforming loans exclude PCI loans acquired in prior acquisitions
 Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans (as defined in footnote 1 above) and other repossessed assets



18

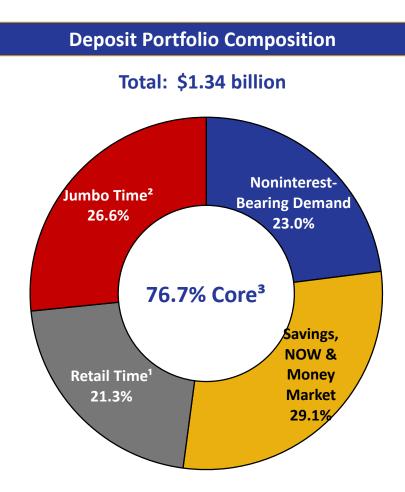
Deposit Portfolio as of March 31, 2018

Strongest growth coming in DDAs

- Top 10 Deposit Relationships = \$338.6 million (24.6% of total deposits)
 - 5 of the Top 10 Relationships are with Directors and shareholders of the Company; \$115.4 million, or ~34% of Top 10 total

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018:

	Avg. Balance (\$mm)	Weighted Avg. Rate
Noninterest-Bearing Demand	\$277.1	0.00%
NOW	\$23.1	0.23%
Savings	\$32.6	0.44%
Money Market	\$337.0	0.79%
Retail Time ¹	\$287.6	1.29%
Jumbo Time²	\$358.1	1.29%
Total Deposits	\$1,315.6	0.85%



(1) Retail Time includes time deposits with balances less than \$250,000

- (2) Jumbo Time includes time deposits with balances of \$250,000 and greater
- (3) Reconciliation in Appendix on page 29

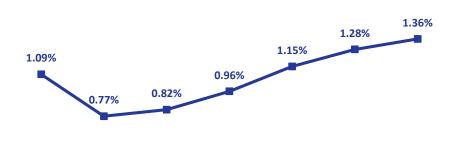


Attractive Net Interest Spread

5.35% 5.23%

Yield on Average Interest-Earning Assets

Cost of Average Interest-Bearing Liabilities



		1	1	1	1	
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Q1 2018

Net Interest Spread

2015

2016

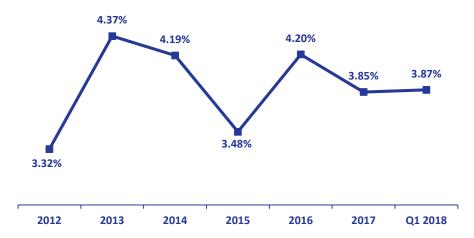
2017

2014

2012

2013

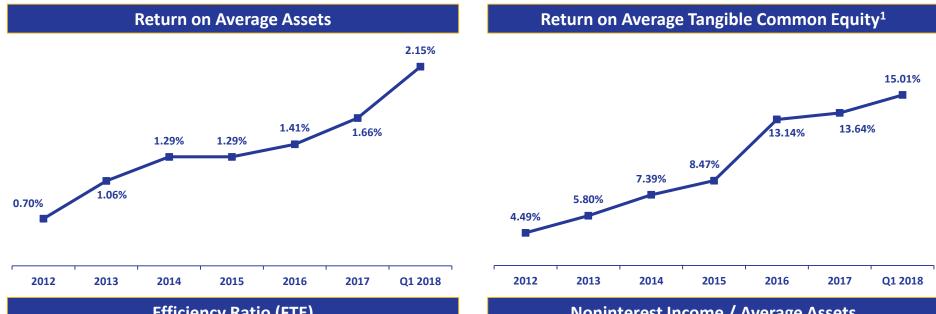
Q1 2018



Net Interest Margin (FTE)



Outstanding Financial Performance



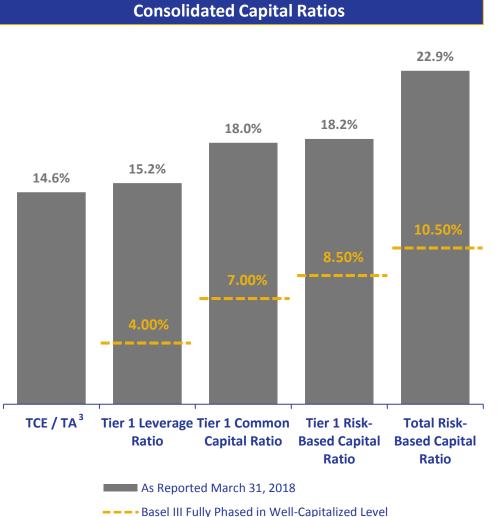
Efficiency Ratio (FTE)

Noninterest Income / Average Assets



(1) Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix on page 28

Consolidated Capital Ratios



Consolidated Capitalization Table

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)	As of March 31, 2018
	Actual
Long-Term Debt	
Long-Term Debt ¹	\$49.6
Subordinated Debentures ²	3.4
Total Long-Term Debt	\$53.0
Shareholders' Equity	
Common Stock	\$210.6
Additional Paid-in Capital	7.4
Retained Earnings	58.8
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	(1.0)
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$275.8
Total Capitalization	\$328.8
Common Shares Outstanding	16,288,928
Book Value Per Share	\$16.93
Tangible Book Value Per Share ³	\$15.01
Regulatory Capital	
Tier 1 Common Capital	\$245.9
Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital	\$249.3
Total Risk-Based Capital	\$313.4
Capital Ratios	
Tangible Common Equity / Tangible Assets ³	14.6%
Tier 1 Leverage to Average Assets	15.2%
Tier 1 Common Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets	18.0%
	18.2%
Fier 1 Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets	

(1) Consists of 6.50% fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes which qualify as Tier 2 capital and which were issued in March 2016 and raised proceeds of \$49.4 million

(2) Consists of subordinated debentures issued by the companies RBB acquired to a statutory trust which then issued trust preferred securities to the public; amount shown

reflects a discount of \$1.8 million to the aggregate principal balance of \$5.2 million as a result of purchase accounting adjustments (3) Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix on page 28



22

Outlook

Description: Loan pipeline expected to support double-digit loan growth

- Residential mortgage loan production positively impacted by expansion of lending activity in Las Vegas, Northern California and San Diego
- Hired a new SBA manager who will lead business development efforts
- SBA loan production expected to return to its previous levels in the third quarter

W Net interest margin expected to benefit from additional rate increases

- Approximately 70% of variable rate loans are above floors
- Declining impact of accretion income will limit NIM expansion
- **Wealth Management business launched at beginning of 2018**
 - Steady, recurring fee income will provide new source of revenue growth and diversification
- **11** Income Property lending business launched at beginning of 2018
 - Focused on apartments, mobile home parks and student housing properties
- **Modest increase in expense levels**
 - Increase in headcount related to personnel added to strengthen infrastructure and the launch of the Wealth Management business, Income Property and SBA teams
 - · Consolidation of offices into new headquarters will provide modest cost savings

Continued balance sheet growth should drive further improvement in profitability

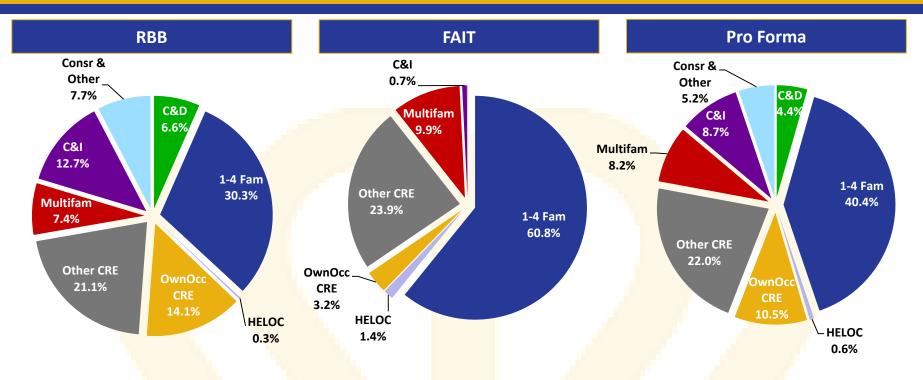
Acquisition of FAIT to be accretive to earnings per share in 2019 in the mid-teens





RBB Bancorp and First American International Corporation

Pro Forma Loan Portfolio (as of December 31, 2017)



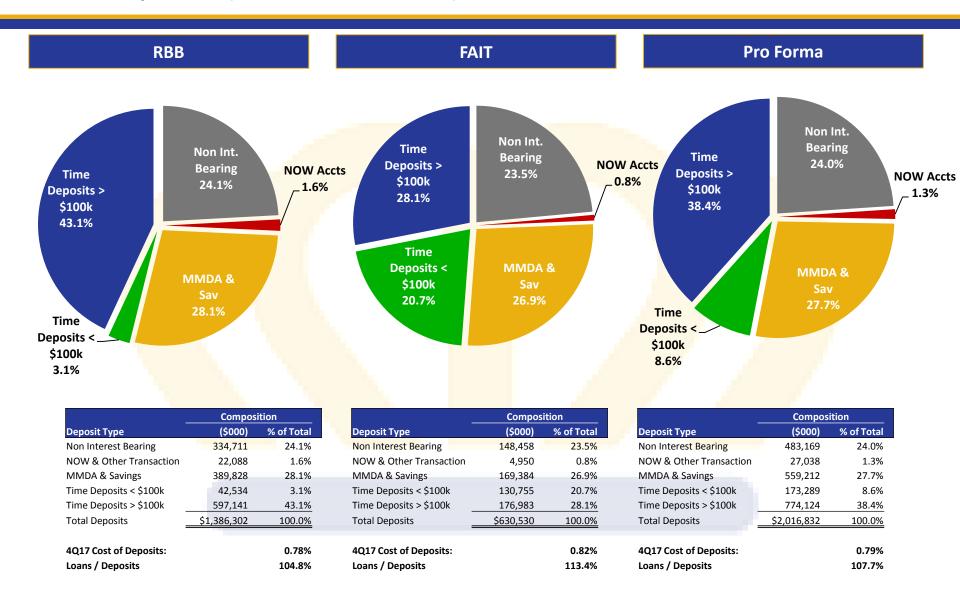
	Compos	ition		Compos	ition		Compos	ition
Loan Type	(\$000)	% of Total	Loan Type	(\$000)	% of Total	Loan Type	(\$000)	% of Total
Construction & Dev.	95,858	6.6%	Construction & Dev.	-	0.0%	Construction & Dev.	95,858	4.4%
1-4 Family Residential	440,691	30.3%	1-4 Family Residential	436,445	60.8%	1-4 Family Residential	877,136	40.4%
Home Equity	3,682	0.3%	Home Equity	10,272	1.4%	Home Equity	13,954	0.6%
Owner - Occupied CRE	204,620	14.1%	Owner - Occupied CRE	23,268	3.2%	Owner - Occupied CRE	227,888	10.5%
Other CRE	306,511	21.1%	Other CRE	171,159	23.9%	Other CRE	477,670	22.0%
Multifamily	107,772	7.4%	Multifamily	70,892	9.9%	Multifamily	178,664	8.2%
Commercial & Industrial	184,489	12.7%	Commercial & Industrial	4,873	0.7%	Commercial & Industrial	189,362	8.7%
Consumer & Other	111,390	7.7%	Consumer & Other	619	0.1%	Consumer & Other	112,009	5.2%
Total Loans	\$1,452,522	100.0%	Total Loans	\$714,610	100.0%	Total Loans	\$2,172,541	100.0%
4Q17 Yield on Loans:		6.09%	4Q17 Yield on Loans:		4.68%	4Q17 Yield on Loans:		5.62%

Note: Regulatory data shown, does not include purchase accounting adjustments Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence



RBB Bancorp and First American International Corporation

Pro Forma Deposit Mix (as of December 31, 2017)





Board of Directors

Yee Phong (Alan) Thian Chairman of the Board	Chairman, President and CEO of the Company and the Bank since the Bank began operations in 2008
Peter M. Chang	President of Yao Yang Enterprises LLC, which purchases and exports waste paper
Wendell Chen	 CEO of US Development LLC, a real estate development firm, since 2015 CEO and Managing Partner of Vanetti, Inc. from 2006 to 2015
Pei-Chin Huang	• Co-founder and President of Trendware International Inc., a Torrance-based manufacturer of computer networking equipment
James W. Kao, Ph.D.	Long and distinguished career at Philip Morris, USA in the research and development department
Ruey Chyr Kao, MD	 Retired in 2002 after 30 years as an obstetrician-gynecologist Real estate developer and investor; ownership of six hotels for the past 15 years
Chie-Min (Christopher) Koo	• President and Founder of Christopher Koo Accountancy, an accounting and tax service in the City of Industry
Christopher Lin, Ph.D.	 President and Chairman of three separate specialty real estate firms: Forte Resources, Inc., Sonnycal Development Company and Linkage Financial Group, Inc.
Feng Lin	 President and CFO of Arche Investments, LLC, a real estate development firm Regional Director of Harmony Bioscience Inc.
Ko-Yen Lin	 Real estate investor who previously served as a Commissioner of Overseas Affairs for the Government of Taiwan Director of United National Bank from 1982 to 1985 and General Bank from 1986 to 2003 Senior Advisory Board member of Cathay Bank from 2003 to 2007
Paul Lin	 Founder and CEO of Dill Spot, LLC Named one of Inc. Magazine's Top 10 Asian Entrepreneurs in 2010
Fui Ming Thian	 Worked in the real estate management business for over 30 years Responsible for operating and accounting for multiple apartment complexes



Non-GAAP Reconciliation: Tangible Common Equity and Tangible Assets

Some of the financial measures included in this presentation are not measures of financial performance recognized by GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures include "tangible common equity to tangible assets," "tangible book value per share," and "return on average tangible common equity." Our management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in its analysis of our performance. The following table reconciles shareholders' equity (on a GAAP basis) to tangible assets, calculates our tangible book value per share, and reconciles return on average tangible common equity to its most comparable GAAP measure:

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)									
		As of and for the Year Ended December 31,							
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Tangible Common Equity:									
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$108,113	\$137,992	\$151,981	\$163,645	\$181,585	\$265,176	\$275,822		
Adjustments	(====)	(((1.001)			(22.2.10)		
Goodwill	(789)	(4,001)	(4,001)	(4,001)	(29,940)	(29,940)	(29,940)		
Core Deposit Intangible		(714)	(582)	(466)	(1,793)	(1,438)	(1,357)		
Tangible Common Equity	\$107,324	\$133,277	\$147,398	\$159,178	\$149,852	\$233,798	\$244,525		
Tangible Assets:									
Total Assets - GAAP	576,484	723,410	925,891	1,023,084	1,395,551	1,691,059	1,708,504		
<u>Adjustments</u>									
Goodwill	(789)	(4,001)	(4,001)	(4,001)	(29,940)	(29,940)	(29,940)		
Core Deposit Intangible	-	(714)	(582)	(466)	(1,793)	(1,438)	(1,357)		
Tangible Assets	\$575,695	\$718,695	\$921,308	\$1,018,617	\$1,363,818	\$1,659,681	\$1,677,206		
Common Shares Outstanding	10,455,135	12,547,201	12,720,659	12,770,571	12,827,803	15,908,893	16,288,928		
Tangible Common Equity to Tangible Assets Ratio	18.64%	18.54%	16.00%	15.63%	10.99%	14.09%	14.58%		
Tangible Book Value Per Share	\$10.27	\$10.62	\$11.59	\$12.46	\$11.68	\$14.70	\$15.01		
Average Tangible Common Equity:									
Average Shareholders' Equity	\$90,872	\$124,103	\$145,781	\$157,615	\$172,140	\$218,717	\$270,430		
Adjustments									
Goodwill	(789)	(2,804)	(4,001)	(4,001)	(25,167)	(29,940)	(29,940)		
Core Deposit Intangible	-	(479)	(649)	(526)	(1,779)	(1,620)	(1,405)		
Average Tangible Common Equity	\$90,083	\$120,820	\$141,131	\$153,088	\$145,194	\$187,157	\$239,085		
Net Income Available to Common Shareholders	\$4,046	\$7,004	\$10,428	\$12,973	\$19,079	\$25,528	\$8,847		
Return on Average Tangible Common Equity	4.49%	5.80%	7.39%	8.47%	13.14%	13.64%	15.01%		



Regulatory Reporting to Financial Statements: Adjusted Core Deposits

Some of the financial measures included in this presentation and in forms 10-Q & 10-K filed with the SEC differ from those reported on the FRB Y-9(c) report. These financial measures include "core deposits to total deposits." Our management uses this financial measure in its analysis of our performance. The Bank measures core deposits by reviewing all relationships over \$250,000 on a quarterly basis. After discussions with our regulators on the proper way to measure core deposits, we now track all deposit relationships over \$250,000 on a quarterly basis and consider a relationship to be core if there are any three or more of the following: (i) relationships with us (as a director or shareholder); (ii) deposits within our market area; (iii) additional non-deposit services with us; (iv) electronic banking services with us; (v) active demand deposit account with us; (vi) deposits at market interest rates; and (vii) longevity of the relationship with us. We consider all deposit relationships under \$250,000 as a core relationship except for time deposits originated through an internet service. This differs from the traditional definition of core deposits which is demand and savings deposits plus time deposits less than \$250,000. As many of our customers have more than \$250,000 on deposit with us, we believe that using this method reflects a more accurate assessment of our deposit base. The following table reconciles the adjusted core deposit to total deposits:

Dollars in thousands) As of and for the Year Ended December 31,							As of and for the three months ended March 31,
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Core Deposits ¹	\$315,943	\$422,252	\$507,376	\$567,980	\$781,940	\$990,824	\$1,008,826
Adjustments to Core Deposits							
Time Deposits > \$250,000 Considered as Core Deposits ²	82,373	118,756	115,572	174,038	325,453	180,751	273,935
Less: Internet and Other Deposit Originator Deposits < \$250,000 Considered Non-Core ³	-	-	(44,562)	(21,418)	(30,971)	(29,467)	(26,883)
Less: Other Deposits Not Considered Core ⁴	-	-	-	(70,759)	(171,800)	(136,943)	(201,803)
Adjusted Core Deposits	\$398,316	\$541,008	\$578,386	\$649,841	\$904,622	\$1,005,165	\$1,054,075
Total Deposits	442,678	574,079	767,365	853,417	1,152,763	1,337,281	1,373,504
Adjusted Core Deposits to Total Deposits Ratio	89.98%	94.24%	75.37%	76.15%	78.47%	75.16%	76.74%

(1) All demand and savings deposits of any amount plus time deposits less than \$250,000

(2) Time deposits to core customers over \$250,000 as defined in the lead-in to the table above

(3) Comprised of internet and outside deposit originator time deposits less than \$250,000 which are not considered to be core deposits

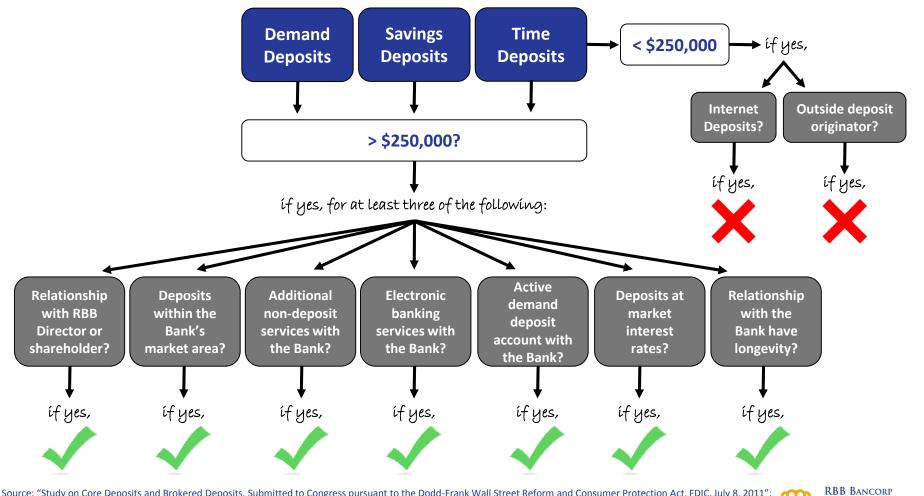
(4) Comprised of demand and savings deposits in relationships over \$250,000 which are considered non-core deposits because they do not satisfy the definition of core deposits set forth in the lead-in to the table above



How We Measure Core Deposits

W RBB reviews all deposits over \$250K on a quarterly basis

Ore deposits are traditionally defined as all deposits less time deposits greater than \$250K → The Bank measures core deposits as:



Source: "Study on Core Deposits and Brokered Deposits, Submitted to Congress pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, FDIC, July 8, 2011": https://www.fdic.gov/regulations/reform/coredeposit-study.pdf